Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer



According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Tox Maxx Flying insect killer

Container size 300ml

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Kills flying insects

Uses advised against Use only for intended applications.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Keen-Newport Group Ltd

Unit 31 Kingfisher Court Hambridge Road Newbury

Berkshire RG14 5SJ

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0)1635 34600 (Mon-Fri 09:00-17:00)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards Not Classified

Environmental hazards Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{H410}}$ Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

 ${\tt EUH208\ Contains\ permethrin\ (ISO).\ May\ produce\ an\ allergic\ reaction.}$

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

Precautionary statements P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P260 Do not breathe spray.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50° C/122° F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplementary P391 Collect spillage.

precautionary statements

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

butane 10-30%

CAS number: 106-97-8 EC number: 203-448-7 REACH registration number: 01-

2119474691-32-XXXX

Contains no other substances or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Flam. Gas 1 - H220 F+; R12. Extremely flammable.

Press. Gas (Lig.) - H280

1,3-dipropylcyclohexane; 2-methylundecane; undecane 5-10%

CAS number: — EC number: 926-141-6 REACH registration number:

012119456620-43-XXXX

Classification

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

isobutane 5-10%

CAS number: 75-28-5 EC number: 200-857-2 REACH registration number: 01-

2119485395-27-0000

Contains no other substances or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Flam. Gas 1 - H220 F+; R12. Extremely flammable.

Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280

propane 5-10%

CAS number: 74-98-6 EC number: 200-827-9 REACH registration number: 01-

2113486944-21-0000

Contains no other substances or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Flam. Gas 1 - H220 F+; R12. Extremely flammable.

Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280

Classification

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether <1%

CAS number: 51-03-6 EC number: 200-076-7 REACH registration number:

01-2119918969-16-XXXX

M factor (Acute) = 1 M factor (Chronic) = 1

Classification

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

Tetramethrin <1%

CAS number: 7696-12-0 EC number: 231-711-6

M factor (Acute) = 10 M factor (Chronic) = 1

Classification

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

permethrin (ISO)

CAS number: 52645-53-1 EC number: 258-067-9

M factor (Acute) = 1000 M factor (Chronic) = 1000

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302

Acute Tox. 4 - H332

Skin Sens. 1 - H317

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention if

symptoms are severe or persist.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Do

not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel.

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

Skin contact Rinse with water.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Get medical

attention if any discomfort continues.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration

and the length of exposure.

Inhalation Spray/mists may cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
 Eye contact May be slightly irritating to eyes. May cause discomfort.
 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

media

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-

up. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents

and propellant. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify

appropriate authorities.

Special protective

equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469

(including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for

chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action

shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or

Revision date: 06/08/2018

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Keep out of the reach of children. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists.

Advice on genera occupational hygiene Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

damage. Protect from sunlight. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high

temperatures. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50° C/122° F.

Storage class Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

butane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1450 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 750 ppm 1810 mg/m³

isobutane

800ppm (TWA/TLV)

propane

TLV (ACGHIH) - 1.000 ppm

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering Provide adequate ventilation.

controls

Eye/face protection Avoid contact with eyes. Large Spillages: Eyewear complying with an approved standard

should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.

Hand protection No specific hand protection recommended. Avoid contact with skin.

Hygiene measures Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Respiratory protection No specific recommendations. Provide adequate ventilation. Large Spillages: If

ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Environmental exposure

controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Colour Colourless.

Odour Characteristic.

pH (concentrated solution):

7

Melting point

No information available.

Initial boiling point and

No information available.

range

Flash point No information available.

Evaporation rate No information available.

Flammability (solid, gas) No information available.

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

Upper/lower flammability or No information available.

explosive limits

Vapour pressure

No information available.

Vapour density

No information available.

Relative density

No information

available.

Solubility(ies) No information

available.

Partition coefficient No information

available.

Auto-ignition temperature No information

available.

Decomposition Temperature No information

available.

Viscosity No information

available.

Explosive properties No information

available.

Yes

Explosive under the

influence of a flame

Oxidising properties Not available.

9.2. Other information

Other information No information

required.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.

reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised

container: may burst if heated

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal

decomposition or **products** combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapours.

Revision date: 06/08/2018

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not

Acute toxicity - dermal

met.

met

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Based on available data the classification criteria are not

met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)

Animal dataBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye

damage/irritation

Serious eye Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 3 Not

classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

fertility

Reproductive toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration

and the length of exposure.

Inhalation Spray/mists may cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

Eye contact May be slightly irritating to eyes. May cause discomfort.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs No specific target organs known.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

butane

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Technically not feasible.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Technically not feasible.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation 1,443.0

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/I)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours 1,443.0

mg/I)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Technically not feasible.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Technically not feasible.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Data lacking.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Technically not feasible.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Negative.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Data lacking.

1,3-dipropylcyclohexane; 2-methylundecane; undecane

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >5000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) $LD_{50} > 2000 \text{ mg/kg, Dermal, Rat}$

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC50 >5000 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Animal data Erythema/eschar score: Well defined erythema (2). Fully reversible within 14

days.

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Conjunctivae score: 0 Not

damage/irritation irritating

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Gene mutation: Negative.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration:

Negative.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways.

Acute toxicity - oral <u>isobutane</u>

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Technically not feasible.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Technically not feasible.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation 800,000.0

(LC₅₀ gases ppmV)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (gases 800,000.0

ppm)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Technically not feasible.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Technically not feasible.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Data lacking.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Technically not feasible.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Negative.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity There is no evidence that the product can cause

cancer.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified

SAFETY DATA SHEET Revision date: 06/08/2018

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer Manufactured in the UK

> Inhalation Irregular cardiac activity.

> > propane

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Technically not feasible.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Technically not feasible.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation 1,443.0

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours 1,443.0

mg/I)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Technically not

feasible.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Technically not feasible.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Data lacking.

Skin sensitisation

Technically not feasible. Skin sensitisation

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Negative.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity There is no evidence that the product can cause

cancer. Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -Screening - NOAEC 3.000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat

fertility

Reproductive toxicity

Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: 9.000 ppm,

development Inhalation,

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl Acute toxicity - oral

ether

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ 5,630.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5.630.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC50 5.9 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Cornea score: 1.67 Not irritating

damage/irritation Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Gene mutation: Negative.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEL >=30 ppm, Oral, Rat Based on available data the classification criteria

are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Tetramethrin

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ 4,640.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 4,640.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >2500 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC50 >2500 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation May be slightly irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Irritation of eyes is assumed.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to

0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by

IARC.

Acute toxicity - oral permethrin (ISO)

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ 383.0

mg/kg)

SAFETY DATA SHEET Revision date: 06/08/2018

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer Manufactured in the UK

> **Species** Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 383.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal 6,600.0

 $(LD_{50} mg/kg)$

Rat **Species**

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 6,600.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC50 >23.5 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat Manufactures or importers must apply at least

> this minimum classification, but must classify in a more severe hazard category in the event that information is available which shows that the hazard(s) meet

the criteria for classification in the more severe category.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation May cause skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Not available. Serious eye

damage/irritation Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Sensitising.

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 Very toxic to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecological information on ingredients.

butane

Acute aquatic toxicity

LC₅₀, 96 hours: 49.9 mg/l, Fish Acute toxicity - fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic LC₅₀, 48 hours: 69.43 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

plants

Acute toxicity - aquatic EC50, 96 hours: 19.37 mg/l, Algae

1,3-dipropylcyclohexane; 2-methylundecane; undecane

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LL₅₀, 24 hours: >1000 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

isobutane

Toxicity The product is not believed to present a hazard due to its physical

nature. Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 49.9 mg/l, Fish

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

Acute toxicity - aquatic LC_{50} , 48 hours: 69.43 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

Acute toxicity - aquatic EC₅₀, 96 hours: 19.37 mg/l, Algae

plants

propane

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 49.9 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic LC₅₀, 48 hours: 69.43 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

Acute toxicity - aquatic EC₅₀, 96 hours: 19.37 mg/l, Algae

plants

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.1 < L(E)C50 \le 1$

M factor (Acute)

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 3.94 mg/l, Cyprinodon variegatus (Sheepshead

minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

 EC_{50} , 48 hours: 1.007 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Chronic aquatic toxicity

NOEC $0.01 < NOEC \le 0.1$

Degradability Non-rapidly degradable

M factor (Chronic) 1

Chronic toxicity - fish

early life stage

NOEC, 35 days: 0.18 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Tetramethrin

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.01 < L(E)C50 \le 0.1$

M factor (Acute) 10

Chronic aquatic toxicity

NOEC $0.01 < NOEC \le 0.1$

Degradability Non-rapidly degradable

M factor (Chronic) 1

permethrin (ISO)

Acute aquatic toxicity

M factor (Acute) 1000

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.016 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic EC₅₀, 48 hours: 0.32 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

invertebrates

Revision date: 06/08/2018

Chronic aquatic toxicity

M factor (Chronic) 1000

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

butane

Phototransformation Air - DT_{50} : 1906 days

Biodegradation Water - Degradation 100: 385.5 hours

1,3-dipropylcyclohexane; 2-methylundecane;

undecane

Biodegradation The substance is readily biodegradable.

isobutane

Persistence and

degradability

Not applicable.

Biodegradation Water - Half-life 100: 6,9 days

propane

Phototransformation Air - DT₅₀ : 1906 days

Biodegradation Water - Degradation 100: 385.5 hours

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether

Persistence and

Not readily biodegradable.

degradability

Phototransformation Air - Degradation 50: 3.6 hours

Biodegradation Not inherently biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

butane

Bioaccumulative potential
The product does not contain any substances expected to be

bioaccumulating. Partition coefficient log Pow: 2,89

isobutane

Bioaccumulative potential Because of the low log kow, accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

Partition coefficient log Pow: ~ 2,76

propane

Bioaccumulative potential Because of the low log kow, accumulation in organisms is not to be

expected. **Partition coefficient** log Pow: ~ 3

permethrin (ISO)

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 3620,

12.4. Mobility in soil

Revision date: 06/08/2018

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from

all surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients.

<u>butane</u>

Mobility No data.

isobutane

Mobility No data.

propane

Mobility No data.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

butane

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. **assessment**

1,3-dipropylcyclohexane; 2-methylundecane; undecane

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU

assessment criteria.

<u>isobutane</u>

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

propane

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU assessment criteria.

permethrin (ISO)

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Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

Results of PBT and vPvBThis substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment

methods
General information

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods

Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant

modal documentation using the data shown in this section.

14.1. UN number

 UN No. (ADR/RID)
 1950

 UN No. (IMDG)
 1950

 UN No. (ICAO)
 1950

 UN No. (ADN)
 1950

Proper shipping name AEROSOLS

14.2. UN proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS

2.1

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2.1
ADR/RID classification code 5F

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

ADN class 2.1

Transport labels

ADR/RID label

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer Manufactured in the UK

14.4. Packing group



14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine

pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS F-D, S-U

2 **ADR** transport category **Tunnel restriction code** (D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and

Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures

(as amended).

Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member

States relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC) (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Manufactured in the UK

Tox Maxx Flying Insect Killer

Abbreviations and acronyms ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

used in the safety data by Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

 LC_{50} : Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

 EC_{50} : 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations Aerosol = Aerosol

and acronyms Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)

Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Classification procedures Aguatic Acute 1 - H400: Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410: : Calculation method. Aerosol 1 -

according to Regulation (EC)H222, H229: : Expert judgement.

1272/2008

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.

Revision date 06/08/2018

Revision 2

Supersedes date 11/04/2018

SDS number 4892

Hazard statements in full H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains permethrin (ISO). May produce an allergic reaction.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.